



## What is it?

Already think about data management, data sharing and reuse at the proposal stage of the data life cycle! This will save a lot of time later on. You can propose a hypothesis based on previous research by discovering other author's data within the [GFBio-Portal](#). You can initiate a study, e.g. a meta-analysis, by discovering data within GFBio with the aid of the [Search-Tool](#). Discovering other author's data can **hit on new ideas** and you can address a **new research question**. Moreover, you are able to strengthen or **validate your research** by **reusing data** from other owners. You should also decide about providing your data within a collaboration or research project and be part of further research studies. You can do that by publishing your data and make them accessible for your colleagues (see [Fact-Sheet 'Publish'](#)). Take account of this in your Research Proposal! You can apply for funding e.g. by DFG to manage your data, by formulating a Data Management Plan for your project as part of your Research Proposal.

## How to do it?

1. Be aware of data management and think about data integration and reuse, as well as sharing.
2. Register these thoughts in a Data Management Plan. (You will soon be guided by the GFBio Interactive Data Management Plan Navigator.)
3. Use the Search-Function of the GFBio-Portal. The [Support & Helpdesk](#) area will soon supply guidance on how to use it.
4. You will soon be able to use Visualization- and Aggregation-Tools of GFBio to integrate your data with other's data and experience if they are 'fit for your reuse' (of the right scale/granularity).
5. Keep questions in mind like:
  - What are the areas that need further exploration? Which questions need to be addressed/are important?
  - Has this topic already been studied (intensively), and if so, can it be improved?
  - Is the topic of current interest? (Important for funding!) Is there demand/interest in the community (if you propose a service)?
  - Can I make a difference with my study and fill a knowledge gap or have any impact in the area? ("So-what-test")
6. Come up with an idea, initiate and document your hypothesis.

## Who does it?

Currently, every **data producer and data reuser**, integrating other data or creating own data within his/her research project or as partner in research programme (like ecologists, geo-scientists, geneticists etc.).

## Key elements

- Take Data Management into account of your research questions and formulate a Data Management Plan as part of your Research Proposal, apply for data curation and preservation costs.
- Visit the GFBio-Portal to use the Search-Function and other tools that help to get a clear impression if there are data fit for reuse.
- Are these data suited for your research?
- Propose a hypothesis of current interest.

## Useful links

[http://www.dfg.de/formulare/54\\_01/](http://www.dfg.de/formulare/54_01/) (Proposal Preparation Instructions)

[http://www.dfg.de/en/research\\_funding/announcements\\_proposals/2015/info\\_wissenschaft\\_15\\_36/index.html](http://www.dfg.de/en/research_funding/announcements_proposals/2015/info_wissenschaft_15_36/index.html) (Guidelines on the handling of research data)